

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 EPA Consolidation 30 September 2022

GLUE GURU 1500 Revision date 04-May-2025 **Revision Number** 2 Supersedes date 17-Sep-2024

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

GLUE GURU 1500 Product Name

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Contact adhesives

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Manufacturer

Bostik New Zealand Limited Bostik New Zealand Limited 19 Eastern Hutt Road Wingate, 19 Eastern Hutt Road Wingate, Lower Hutt, New Zealand Lower Hutt, New Zealand

Tel: 04-567 5119 Tel: 04-567 5119 Fax: 04-567 5412 Fax: 04-567 5412

E-mail address SDS.AP@Bostik.com

Emergency telephone number

24 Hr: 0800 243 622 **Emergency Telephone**

International +64 4 917 9888 Poison Centre: 0800 764 766

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute	Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic	Category 1

Label elements



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Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Do not breathe dust

Avoid release to the environment

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

Use non-sparking tools

Take action to prevent static discharges

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Keep cool

Wear protective gloves

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Skin

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Spill

Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May be harmful if inhaled. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

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Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Heptane	142-82-5	20- <40
Acetone	67-64-1	20- <40
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	10 - <20
Toluene	108-88-3	10 - <20
Methylcyclopentane	96-37-7	1 - <5
Octane	111-65-9	1 - <3
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	0.1- <1
Tall oil rosin	8052-10-6	0.1- <1
4-tert-Butylphenol	98-54-4	0.1- <1

Non-hazardous ingredients	Proprietary	Balance
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Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing

has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. May cause an allergic skin reaction. In the case of skin irritation or

allergic reactions see a physician.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Get immediate medical attention.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the

material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avail direct contact with align Llap barrier to give mouth to mouth

information. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Itching. Rashes. Hives. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness.

May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting.

Effects of Exposure May cause adverse reproductive effects - such as birth defect, miscarriages, or infertility.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians May cause sensitization in susceptible persons. Treat symptomatically. Because of the

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> danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric layage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam.

Large Fire CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Product is or contains a sensitizer. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons. Hydrogen chloride. **Hazardous combustion products**

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

precautions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See

section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled

material.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or **Environmental precautions**

spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A

> vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand

or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert Methods for cleaning up

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

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Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothina.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials. Protect from moisture.

Recommended storage temperature

Keep at temperatures between 41 and 77 °F / 5 and 25 °C.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Working area parameters, subject to mandatory control (MAC or TSEL)

Exposure Limits

This product contains substances which in their raw state are powder form, however in this product they are in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of powder/dust particles is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product.

Chemical name	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV	United Kingdom	Australia
Heptane	TWA: 400 ppm;	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm;	TWA: 400 ppm;
142-82-5	TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ ;	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 2085 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 1640 mg/m ³ ;
	STEL: 500 ppm;		STEL: 1500 ppm;	STEL: 500 ppm;
	STEL: 2050 mg/m ³ ;		STEL: 6255 mg/m ³ ;	STEL: 2050 mg/m ³ ;
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm;	TWA: 250 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm;	TWA: 500 ppm;
67-64-1	TWA: 1185 mg/m ³ ;	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 1185 mg/m ³ ;
	STEL: 1000 ppm;		STEL: 1500 ppm;	STEL: 1000 ppm;
	STEL: 2375 mg/m ³ ;		STEL: 3620 mg/m ³ ;	STEL: 2375 mg/m ³ ;
Cyclohexane	TWA: 100 ppm;	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm;	TWA: 100 ppm;
110-82-7	TWA: 350 mg/m ³ ;		TWA: 350 mg/m ³ ;	TWA: 350 mg/m ³ ;

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	STEL: 300 ppm; STEL: 1050 mg/m³;		STEL: 300 ppm; STEL: 1050 mg/m³;	STEL: 300 ppm; STEL: 1050 mg/m ³ ;
Toluene 108-88-3	TWA: 20 ppm; TWA: 75 mg/m³; STEL: 100 ppm; STEL: 377 mg/m³; dSk	TWA: 20 ppm pOt	TWA: 50 ppm; TWA: 191 mg/m³; STEL: 100 ppm; STEL: 384 mg/m³; pSk	TWA: 50 ppm; TWA: 191 mg/m³; STEL: 150 ppm; STEL: 574 mg/m³;
Octane 111-65-9	TWA: 300 ppm; TWA: 1400 mg/m³; STEL: 375 ppm; STEL: 1750 mg/m³;	TWA: 300 ppm	-	TWA: 300 ppm; TWA: 1400 mg/m³; STEL: 375 ppm; STEL: 1750 mg/m³;
Zinc oxide 1314-13-2	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³; respirable dust TWA: 2 mg/m³; respirable dust STEL: 0.5 mg/m³; respirable dust STEL: 5 mg/m³; respirable dust	TWA: 2 mg/m³ respirable particulate matter STEL: 10 mg/m³ respirable particulate matter	-	TWA: 10 mg/m³; inhalable dust TWA: 5 mg/m³; fume STEL: 10 mg/m³; fume

Biological occupational exposure limits

Chemical name	New Zealand	ACGIH
Acetone 67-64-1	50 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift	25 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift
Cyclohexane		50 mg/g creatinine - urine (1,2-Cyclohexanediol) -
110-82-7	-	end of shift at end of workweek
Toluene	0.03 mg/L - urine (Toluene) - end of exposure or	0.02 mg/L - blood (Toluene) - prior to last shift of
108-88-3	end of shift	workweek
	0.3 mg/g creatinine - urine (O-Cresol) - end of	0.03 mg/L - urine (Toluene) - end of shift
	exposure or end of shift	0.3 mg/g creatinine - urine (o-Cresol with
		hydrolysis) - end of shift

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Hand protection Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protectionWear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron.

Antistatic boots.

Respiratory protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance Solution Paste Liquid

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ColorLight yellow or brownOdorAromatic. Solvent.Odor thresholdNo information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH No data available Not applicable Insoluble in water

Melting point / freezing point No data available None known

Initial boiling point and boiling 50 °C

range Flash point -22 °C

Evaporation rateNo data availableNone knownFlammabilityNo data availableFlammable liquid

Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive 9.7

Lower flammability or explosive 1.5 limits

 Vapor pressure
 <110 kPa</th>
 None known

 Relative vapor density
 No data available
 None known

 Polative density
 No data available
 None known

Relative vapor density

Relative density

No data available

None known

Water solubility

Insoluble in water

Water solubilityInsoluble in waterSolubility(ies)No data availableNone knownPartition coefficientNo data availableNone knownAutoignition temperatureNo data availableNone known

Decomposition temperatureNo data available
None known
None known

 Decomposition temperature
 None known

 Kinematic viscosity
 No data available
 None known

 Dynamic viscosity
 No data available

Explosive properties

No information available.

Oxidizing properties No information available.

 Other information

 Softening point
 No information available

Molecular weightNo information availableVOC contentNo information available

Liquid Density 0.8 g/cm³

Bulk density No information available

Particle characteristics

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

limits

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Protect from moisture.

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Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon oxides.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can

produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May

be harmful if inhaled.

Eye contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and

paın.

Skin contact May cause sensitization by skin contact. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is

not available. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons. (based on components). Repeated exposure may cause skin

dryness or cracking. Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Potential for aspiration if

swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may

cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Symptoms Itching. Rashes. Hives. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness.

Redness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Inhalation of high vapor

concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and

vomiting.

Acute toxicity .

Numerical measures of toxicity

The following ATE values have been calculated for the mixture

 ATEmix (oral)
 >5000 mg/kg

 ATEmix (dermal)
 >5000 mg/kg

 ATEmix (inhalation-gas)
 >20000 ppm

 ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)
 >20 mg/l

 ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)
 108.994 mg/l

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Heptane	Heptane LD50 > 5000 mg/Kg (rattus) = 3000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus		=103 g/m³ (Rattus) 4 h
		cuniculus)	
Acetone	=5800 mg/kg (Rattus)	>15800 mg/Kg (Rattus)	=79 mg/l(Rattus) 4 h
	3000 mg/Kg (mouse)		-
Cyclohexane	=12705 mg/kg (Rattus)	> 2000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus	>9500 ppm (Rattus) 4 h

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		cuniculus)	
Toluene	=5580 mg/kg (Rattus)	= 12000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	>20 mg/L (Rattus) 4 h
Octane	>5000 mg/Kg (Rattus)	-	=118 g/m³ (Rattus) 4 h = 25260 ppm (Rattus) 4 h > 23.36 mg/L (Rattus) 4 h
Zinc oxide	>5000 mg/kg (Rattus)	LD50 >2000 mg/Kg (Rattus) (OECD 402)	LC50 (4h) >5.7 mg/l
Tall oil rosin	=7600 mg/kg (Rattus)	-	-
4-tert-Butylphenol	=4000 mg/kg (Rattus)	LD50 >5000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus) OECD 402	-

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation

Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes skin irritation.

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Toluene (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
Regulation (EC) No.	Rabbit	Dermal			Irritant
440/2008, Annex, B.4					

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.

Component Information

Acetone (67-64-1)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 405:	Rabbit	eye			irritant
Acute Eye					
Irritation/Corrosion					

Respiratory or skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Acetone (67-64-1)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
GPMT - Guinea pig maximisation	Guinea pig	Dermal	Not a skin sensitizer
test			

Toluene (108-88-3)

Germ cell mutagenicity Based or

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Heptane (142-82-5)

Method	Species	Results
OECD Test No. 473: In vitro Mammalian	Rat, in vitro	Not mutagenic
Chromosome Aberration Test		_
OECD Test No. 471: Bacterial Reverse		Not mutagenic in AMES Test
Mutation Test		

Toluene (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Results
Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.13/14	Salmonella typhimurium	Not mutagenic
(Ames test)	·	
OECD Test No. 476: In Vitro Mammalian Cell	Mouse	Not mutagenic
Gene Mutation Tests using the Hprt and xprt		_
genes		

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Carcinogenicity

This product contains substances which in their raw state are powder form, however in this product they are in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of powder/dust particles is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product.

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
Toluene - 108-88-3	-	Group 3

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity

Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin. Classification based on data available for ingredients. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Toluene (108-88-3)

Method	Species	Results
OECD 407	in vivo	Reproductive toxicant

STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Acetone (67-64-1)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
Experiences made in					Narcotic effects
practice					

Narcotic effects

Narcotic effects.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Acetone (67-64-1)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 408:	Rat	Oral	200-3400 mg/kg	91 days	No Observed
Repeated Dose 90-Day			bw/day		Adverse Effect
Oral Toxicity Study in					Level LOAEL 1700
Rodents					mg/kg bw/day
Not specified	Rat	Inhalation	19000 ppm	14, 28, 56 days	NOAEC 19000 ppm
					No Observed
					Adverse Effect
					Level

Toluene (108-88-3)

()					
Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
Regulation (EC) No.	Rat, male, female	Oral		91 days	NOAEL: 625 mg/kg
440/2008, Annex, B.26					
OECD Test No. 453:	Rat, male, female	Inhalation, vapor			NOAEL: 1.131 mg/l
Combined Chronic		·			
Toxicity/Carcinogenicity					
Studies					

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

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Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Heptane	-	LC50: =375.0mg/L (96h, Cichlid)	EC50: >10mg/L (24h, Daphnia
•			magna)
Acetone	-	LC50 96 h 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L	EC50 48 h 10294 - 17704 mg/L
		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)	(Daphnia magna Static)
Cyclohexane	EC50 72 h > 9.3 mg/L	LC50: 23.03 - 42.07mg/L (96h,	EC50: >0.9 mg/L (24h, Daphnia
	(Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)	Pimephales promelas) LC50: 48.87	magna)
		- 68.76mg/L (96h, Poecilia	
		reticulata) LC50: 3.96 - 5.18mg/L	
		(96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50:	
		24.99 - 44.69mg/L (96h, Lepomis	
		macrochirus)	
Toluene	EC50 72 h = 12.5 mg/L	LC50 96 h 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L	EC50: =11.5mg/L (48h, Daphnia
	(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	(Oncorhynchus mykiss	magna) EC50: 5.46 - 9.83mg/L
		flow-through) LC50 96 h = 5.8 mg/L	(48h, Daphnia magna)
		(Oncorhynchus mykiss semi-static)	
Octane	-	-	EC50: =0.38mg/L (48h, Daphnia
			magna)
Zinc oxide	LC 50 (72Hr) 0.136 mg/L	LC50 (96h) =0.7 mg/L (Danio	LC 50 (48Hr) =0.5 mg/l
		rerio)	(Ceriodaphnia dubia)
Tall oil rosin	EC50: 185 - 217mg/L (72h,	LC50: 100 - 200mg/L (96h,	EC50: 238 - 479mg/L (48h,
	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	Brachydanio rerio)	Daphnia magna)
4-tert-Butylphenol	EC50: =11.2mg/L (72h,		EC50: 3.4 - 4.5mg/L (48h, Daphnia
	Desmodesmus subspicatus)	carpio) LC50: 4.71 - 5.62mg/L (96h,	magna) EC50: =3.9mg/L (48h,
		Pimephales promelas)	Daphnia magna)

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Earthworm	Avian	Honeybees
Acetone	Acute Toxicity: LC50 200 -	Dietary Toxicity: LC50 >	-
	1000 µg/cm2 (Eisenia foetida,	40000 ppm (Phasianus	
	48 h filter paper)	colchicus, 5 Days)	
		Dietary Toxicity: LC50 >	
		40000 ppm (Coturnix coturnix	
		japonica, 5 Days)	

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Heptane	4.66
Acetone	-0.24
Cyclohexane	3.44
Toluene	2.73
Octane	5.18
Tall oil rosin	3.6
4-tert-Butylphenol	3

Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

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Disposal methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021 of the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste. Flammable substances - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility.

They may only be burnt in certain situations.

Flammable gases, liquids and solids may only be discharged into the environment or landfill as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with any explosives, oxidising gases, liquids or solids or organic peroxides; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation. Substances which are hazardous to human health or corrosive to metals - may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is no tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances. Environmentally hazardous substances - if the substance, or if it contains a component that is hazardous to the aquatic environment or bioaccumulative and not rapidly degradable, then any component that is bioaccumulative and not rapidly degradable must be removed. The product may only be discharged into the environment if an environmental exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of the substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the environmental exposure limit.

Contaminated packaging

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if:

- the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance;
- or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Section 14: Transport information

IATA

UN number or ID number UN1133 UN proper shipping name Adhesives

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group II
Special Provisions A3

Description UN1133, Adhesives, 3, II

IMDG

UN number or ID number
UN proper shipping name
Transport hazard class(es)
Packing group
II
EmS-No.
UN1133
Adhesives
3
II
F-E, S-D

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Marine pollutant

Description UN1133, Adhesives, 3, II, (-22°C c.c.), Marine pollutant

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

<u>ADR</u>

UN number or ID number UN1133 UN proper shipping name Adhesives

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Labels 3
Packing group ||

Description UN1133, Adhesives, 3, II, (D/E), Environmentally Hazardous

Environmental hazardsYesLimited quantity (LQ)5 LSpecial Provisions640DClassification codeF1Tunnel restriction code(D/E)

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard

HSR002662 - Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable)

National regulations

Any applicable tolerable exposure limits and environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances are listed below

Chemical name	Tolerable Exposure	Tolerable Exposure	Tolerable Exposure	Environmental
	Limit (TEL) Air	Limit (TEL) Water	Limit (TEL) Surface	Exposure Limits (EEL)
Toluene 108-88-3	400 μg/m³	0.8 mg/L	-	330 μg/L (Water)
Zinc oxide 1314-13-2	0.87 mg/m ³	0.6 mg/L	-	8 μg/L (Freshwater) 15 μg/L (Marine)

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for more information

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

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Europe

Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) Regulation (EC 1907/2006)

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:

This product contains one or more candidate substance(s) of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 59) >=0.1%

7111010 00/ = 01170	
Chemical name	SVHC candidates
4-tert-Butylphenol	X
98-54-4	

Section 16: Other information

Prepared By Product Stewardship and Regulatory Affairs

Revision date 04-May-2025

Revision Note

***Indicates updated data since last publication.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value Sk* Skin designation

** Hazard Designation + Sensitizers

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at

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the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet

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